# How to Care for Your Septic Tank and Septic System

## **Septic System Ongoing Maintenance**

If you live in a rural area you probably have a septic system instead of a sewer connection. Taking care of your septic system isn't difficult, because modern systems function efficiently when you follow a few basic guidelines.

Put these tips to use for a clean and trouble-free septic system.

## Divert Rainwater From the Septic Drainfield

 A soggy drainfield won't absorb and neutralize liquid waste. Plan landscaping, roof gutters and foundation drains so that excess water is diverted away from the septic drainfield.

## Don't Overload the Septic Tank and Drainfield

- · Check faucets and toilets for leaks; make repairs if necessary.
- Use aerators on faucets and flow reducer nozzles on showers to help lower water consumption.
- Reduce water levels for small loads of laundry.
- · Wait until the dishwasher is full to run it.

## **Keep Trees Away from the Septic System**

- Discourage root damage by keeping trees at least 100 feet away from the septic system.
- Trees with very aggressive roots, such as willows, should be even farther away from the system.

# The Toilet Isn't a Garbage Disposal

 Never flush cat litter, disposable diapers, sanitary napkins, tampons, paper towels, facial tissues, coffee grounds, or cigarette butts and filters.

They'll clog your septic tank in less time than you might imagine.

#### Use Garbage Disposals Wisely

- A garbage disposal can double the amount of solids added to a septic tank.
- Choose a top-line disposal that grinds food into tiny particles that are easier for a system to digest.

### **Minimize Heavy Duty Cleaners**

 Overuse of heavy cleaners kills beneficial bacteria in the septic tank, so solids won't break down as well.

#### Do Not Pour Grease Down the Drain

Grease can clog the septic drainfield, making it impossible for soil to absorb liquids. If that happens
you'll need a new drainfield.

#### **Avoid Hazardous Chemicals**

 Varnish, paint thinners, motor oils, gasoline and other similar chemicals can ruin your system and are a hazard to groundwater. Dispose of them properly.

## Protect the System from Damage

- Do not drive over the drainfield.
- Do plant grass on the drainfield to minimize soil erosion.

## Perform Regular Maintenance

- Solids must eventually be pumped from the tank. It is advised to have your septic tank pumped after 3-5 years of full time use.
- Routine maintenance of the effluent filter is necessary. Pull the filter from the tank and clean
  thoroughly and place back into tank. It is suggested to clean the filter twice a year. A clean filter
  will allow wastewater to make its way to the drainfield, and trap solids in the filter.
- Never attempt to open a septic tank yourself. Gases and bacteria in it are dangerous.

If you have any questions, please call the Environmental Health office at 815-777-0283.

Eh/sewage/maintenance